

old. I have had trees to live and bear for 6 years and continue to grow freely. I see no reason why this luscious fruit should not grow and thrive all along the Gulf and in the Islands." (Rockey.) For propagation; plants available later.

CARISSA EDULIS. 25638. From Eritrea, Africa. Presented by Prof. T. Batorate. Received June 1. "A tall shrub found throughout tropical Africa from Guinea and Nubia south to Damaraland and the Valley of the Zambesi; also in tropical Arabia." It is a relative of the edible fruited species used as a hedge plant in South Africa.

CARLUDOVICA SP. 25534. From Ancon, Canal Zone. Presented by Mr. H. F. Schultz. Received May 27. *Carludovica palmata* is the Panama hat plant.

CUCUMIS MELO DUDAIM. 25618. From Limavida, Chile, thru Jose D. Husbands, June 8. "Fragrant melon, color yellow with red stripes, eatable. Is about the size of an orange. Plant like other melons, but smaller. Crossed with other melons might give something new." (Husbands.)

CYDONIA SP. 25625. A quince, the seed of which was received from Shantung, China. For distribution from Mississippi Valley Plant Introduction Garden, Ames, Iowa.

DIOSPYROS SENEGALENSIS. 25634. From Eritrea, Africa. Presented by Prof. T. Batorate. Received June 1. "A shrub or tree 6 to 40 feet high, native of Guinea and Abyssinia and south to Mozambique in Africa, and Yemen in Arabia. The wood, which is much used by the natives, is white and compact, or black in the center like ebony." For propagation; plants available later.

HELEOCHARIS TUBEROSA. 25641. From China. Procured by Mr. G. P. Rixford from a Chinese importer. Received June 16. "The corms or tuberous rhizomes of the above plant are a great favorite with the Chinese. They are mostly eaten raw, but are also sliced and shredded in soups and